- 1 1. An integrated Fischer-Tropsch process comprising the steps of: producing a synthetic crude by Fischer-Tropsch reaction of synthesis gas; 2 (a) fractionating the synthetic crude at least into a light Fischer Tropsch liquid, and 3 (b) a heavy Fischer Tropsch liquid wherein the light Fischer-Tropsch liquid comprises alcohols; 4 contacting at least a part of the light Fischer Tropsch liquid with a dehydration 5 (c) catalyst to dehydrate alcohols in the light Fischer Tropsch liquid to corresponding alpha- and 6 7. internal-olefins to form a dehydrated product; oligomerizing in an oligomerization reactor all or part of the dehydrated product 8 9 produced in step (c) to form a product comprising a heavy branched olefin stream; hydroprocessing the heavy Fischer-Tropsch liquid to form a heavy crude 10 baseoil; and 11 12 introducing the heavy branched olefin stream and crude baseoil into a 13 hydrofinisher to produce a synthetic lubricant crude basestock. The process of claim 1 wherein the hydroprocessing step (e) comprises the steps of: (e1) hydrocracking the HFTL; 2 3 hydrodewaxing all or part of the hydrocracked HFTL; and (e2)4 (e3)fractionating the product of (e2) to recover a heavy crude baseoil. 3. The process of claim 1 wherein the hydroprocessing step (e) comprises the steps of: 2 hydrotreating the HFTL to form a hydrotreated HFTL; (e4)hydrocracking the hydrotreated HFTL; 3 (e5)(e6)hydrodewaxing all or part of the product of (e5); and 5 (e7)fractionating the product of (e6) to recover a heavy crude baseoil. The process of claim 1 wherein the hydroprocessing step (e) comprises the steps of: 2 (e8)hydrocracking the HFTL to form a hydrocracked HFTL; 3 (e9)fractionating the hydrocracked HFTL to recover a lighter and a heavier fraction;
 - .

hydrodewaxing the hydrocracked heavier fraction from step (e10).

recycling a portion of the heavier fraction from step (e9) into the hydrocracker

of step (e8); and

(e10)

(e11)

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- 1 5. The process of claim 1 wherein the dehydrated light Fischer-Tropsch liquid produced in
- 2 step (c) is fractionated to recover a C₉-C₁₈ fraction and wherein the C₉-C₁₈ fraction is
- 3 oligomerized in step (d).
- 1 6. The process of claim 1 wherein the oligomerization of step (d) is catalyzed by a BF₃/co-
- 2 catalyst system.
- 7. The process of claim 6 wherein the co-catalyst is an oxygen containing compound.
- 1 8. The process of claim 7 wherein the co-catalyst is selected from the group of mono-alcohols,
- 2 glycol ethers, and polyglycol ethers.
- 9. The process of claim 1 wherein the oligomerization of step (d) occurs at temperatures from about 50° to about 300°F.
- 1 10. The process of claim 6 wherein the BF₃ is present in an amount from about 10 to about 150
- 2 parts per one-thousand parts of reactant by weight and the co-catalyst is present in an
- amount from about 10 to about 200 parts per one-thousand parts of reactant by weight.
- 1 11. The process of claim 1 wherein the oligomerization of step (d) is catalyzed by a catalyst
- 2 system selected from the group of AlCl₃/co-catalyst, H₃PO₄, and solid acidic resin catalysts.
- 1 12. The process of claim 1 wherein the dehydrated product of step (c) is fractionated to recover
 - a C₉-C₁₃ fraction and wherein the C₉-C₁₃ fraction is the dehydrated light Fischer-Tropsch
- 3 liquid used in step (d).

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- 1 13. The process of claim 1 wherein the dehydrated light Fischer-Tropsch liquid produced in
- step (c) is fractionated to recover a C_{14} - C_{18} fraction and wherein the C_{14} - C_{18} fraction is
- 3 oligomerized in step (d).
- 1 14. The process of claim 1 further comprising the step of isomerizing at least a part of the
- dehydrated product of step (c) prior to oligomerization in step (d).
- 1 15. The process of claim 1 wherein the synthesis gas is produced by autothermal reaction in the
- 2 presence of nitrogen.
- 1 16. The process of claim 1 wherein the dehydration catalyst is selected from the group of
- 2 treated activated alumina and treated activated silica-alumina.
- 1 17. The process of claim 1 further comprising the steps of:
- 2 (g) fractionating the product of step (d) to isolate a nonoligomerized olefin/paraffin stream;
- 3 and
- 4 (h) dehydrogenating the nonoligomerized olefin/paraffin stream by contacting it with a
- 5 dehydrogenation catalyst.

2 metal supported on a high-surface inorganic support. 1 19. The process of claim 17 further comprising the step of: (i) passing the product of step (h) into the oligomerization reactor. 2 1 20. The process of claim 1 further comprising the step of fractionating the synthetic lubricant 2 crude basestock to recover a synthetic lubricant basestock product containing essentially no 3 unsaturated hydrocarbons and essentially no hydrocarbons having a carbon number of less 4 than 15. 1 21. An integrated Fischer-Tropsch process comprising the steps of: 2 producing a synthetic crude by Fischer-Tropsch reaction of synthesis gas; (a) 3 fractionating the synthetic crude at least into a light Fischer Tropsch liquid, and 4 a heavy Fischer Tropsch liquid wherein the light Fischer-Tropsch liquid comprises alcohols; 5 subjecting at least some of the light Fischer-Tropsch liquid to means for 6 dehydrogenating hydrocarbons to produce a dehydrogenated light Fischer-Tropsch liquid; 7 oligomerizing in an oligomerization reactor at least a portion of the 8 dehydrogenated light Fischer-Tropsch liquid to form a product comprising a heavy branched 9 olefin stream: 10 hydroprocessing the heavy Fischer-Tropsch liquid to form a heavy crude 11 baseoil; and 12 introducing the heavy branched olefin stream and heavy crude baseoil into a 13 hydrofinisher to produce a synthetic lubricant crude basestock. 1 22. The process of claim 21 wherein the hydroprocessing step (e) comprises the steps of: 2 (e1) hydrocracking the HFTL; 3 (e2)hydrodewaxing all or part of the hydrocracked HFTL; and 4 (e3)fractionating the product of (e2) to recover a heavy crude baseoil. 1 23. The process of claim 21 wherein the hydroprocessing step (e) comprises the steps of: 2 (e4)hydrotreating the HFTL; 3 (e5)hydrocracking the hydrotreated HFTL; (e6)hydrodewaxing all or part of the product of (e5); and (e7)fractionating the product of (e6) to recover a heavy crude baseoil.

18. The process of claim 17 wherein the dehydrogenation catalyst comprises a Group VIII

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- 1 24. The process of claim 21 wherein the hydroprocessing step (e) comprises the steps of:
- 2 (e8) hydrocracking the HFTL;
- 3 (e9) fractionating the hydrocracked HFTL to recover a heavy crude baseoil and a
- 4 heavier fraction;
- 5 (e10) recycling a portion of the heavier fraction from step (e9) into the hydrocracker
- 6 of step (e8); and
- 7 (e11) hydrodewaxing the hydrocracked heavier fraction from step (e10).
- 1 25. The process of claim 21 wherein the dehydrated light Fischer-Tropsch liquid produced in
- 2 step (c) is fractionated to recover a C₉-C₁₈ fraction and wherein the C₉-C₁₈ fraction is
- 3 oligomerized in step (d).
- 26. The process of claim 21 wherein the oligomerization of step (d) is catalyzed by a BF₃/co-
- 2 catalyst system.
- 1 27. The process of claim 26 wherein the co-catalyst is an oxygen containing compound.
- 1 28. The process of claim 27 wherein the co-catalyst is selected from the group of mono-
- alcohols, glycol ethers, and polyglycol ethers.
- 1 29. The process of claim 21 wherein the oligomerization of step (d) occurs at temperatures
- 2 from about 50° to about 300°F.
- 1 30. The process of claim 26 wherein the BF₃ is present in an amount from about 10 to about
- 2 150 parts per one-thousand parts of reactant by weight and the co-catalyst is present in an
- amount from about 10 to about 200 parts per one-thousand parts of reactant by weight.
- 1 31. The process of claim 21 wherein the oligomerization of step (d) is catalyzed by a catalyst
- 2 system selected from the group of AlCl₃/co-catalyst, H₃PO₄, and solid acidic resin catalysts.
- 32. The process of claim 21 further comprising the steps of:
- 2 (g) contacting at least a part of the light Fischer Tropsch liquid with a dehydration catalyst
- 3 to dehydrate alcohols in the light Fischer Tropsch liquid to corresponding alpha- and
- 4 internal-olefins to form a dehydrated product; and
- 5 (h) oligomerizing in the oligomerization reactor at least a portion of the dehydrated product
- 6 produced in step (g) to form a product comprising a heavy branched olefin stream.
- 1 33. The process of claim 32 wherein the dehydration catalyst is selected from the group of
- 2 treated activated alumina and treated activated silica-alumina.

- 1 34. The process of claim 32 wherein the dehydrated product of step (g) is fractionated to
- 2 recover a C₉-C₁₃ fraction and wherein the C₉-C₁₃ fraction is the dehydrated light Fischer-
- 3 Tropsch liquid used in step (d).
- 35. The process of claim 32 wherein the dehydrated produced in step (g) is fractionated to recover a C₁₄-C₁₈ fraction and wherein the C₁₄-C₁₈ fraction is oligomerized in step (d).
- 1 36. The process of claim 32 further comprising the step of isomerizing at least a part of the dehydrated product of step (c) prior to oligomerization in step (d).
- 1 37. The process of claim 21 further comprising the steps of:
- 2 (i) fractionating the product of step (d) to isolate a nonoligomerized olefin/paraffin stream; 3 and
- 4 (j) dehydrogenating the nonoligomerized olefin/paraffin stream by contacting it with a dehydration catalyst.
- 38. The process of claim 37 wherein the dehydrogenation catalyst is platinum supported on a high-surface alumina.
- 3 39. The process of claim 37 further comprising the step of:
- 4 (k) passing the product of step (j) into the oligomerization reactor.
- 1 40. The process of claim 21 further comprising the step of fractionating the synthetic lubricant
- 2 crude basestock to recover a synthetic lubricant basestock product containing essentially no
- 3 unsaturated hydrocarbons and essentially no hydrocarbons having a carbon number of less
- 4 than 15.
- 5 41. The process of claim 1 wherein the synthesis gas is produced by autothermal reaction in the presence of nitrogen.
- 7 42. A high stability synthetic lubricant crude basestock produced by the process of claim 1
- 8 having a BI of between about 23.4% and about 25.5% and a DM of between about 18%
- 9 and about 21.2% such that DM \geq 2BI -29.9.
- 43. The high stability synthetic lubricant crude basestock produced by the process of claim 1
- wherein the BI is between about 23.4% and 24.7% and the DM is between about 20.4% and
- 12 about 21.2%.

- 44. The high stability synthetic lubricant crude basestock of claim 43 wherein the BI is about
 24.4% and the DM is about 21.1%
 - 45. A high stability synthetic lubricant crude basestock produced by the process of claim 1
 having a BI of 25.5% or less and DM of 21.2% or lower such that DM ≥ 2BI -29.9.
- 46. A high stability synthetic lubricant crude basestock produced by the process of claim 21 having a BI of 25.5% or less and DM of 21.2% or lower such that DM ≥ 2BI –29.9.
- 47. A high stability synthetic lubricant crude basestock produced by the process of claim 21
 having a BI of between about 23.4% and about 25.5% and a DM of between about 18%
 and about 21.2% such that DM ≥ 2BI -29.9.
- 48. The high stability synthetic lubricant crude basestock produced by the process of claim 21 wherein the BI is between about 23.4% and 24.7% and the DM is between about 20.4% and about 21.2%.
- 7 49. The high stability synthetic lubricant crude basestock of claim 48 wherein the BI is about 24.4% and the DM is about 21.1%
- 50. A lubricant baseoil composition produced by an integrated Fischer-Tropsch process comprising at least 40% of methyl branched hydrocarbons, characterized by BI of between about 23.4% and about 25.5% and a DM of between about 18% and about 25.5% and at least 5% long-chain branched hydrocarbons wherein the branches have a carbon number of at least 2, and are characterized by BI of less than about 24% and a DM of less than about 21%, wherein the lubricant baseoil arises from both Fischer-Tropsch oil and Fischer-Tropsch wax.
- 51. The lubricant baseoil composition of claim 50 wherein the methyl branched hydrocarbons are characterized by a BI of about 25% and a DM of about 20%.
- 52. The lubricant baseoil composition of claim 50 wherein the long-chain branched hydrocarbons are characterized by a BI of about 21% and a DM of about 19%.
- 53. A lubricant baseoil composition produced by an integrated Fischer-Tropsch process comprising at least about 40% of methyl branched hydrocarbons with a pour point of at most -10°C, and at least about 5% long chain branched hydrocarbons having a pour point equal to or less than -30°C.
- 54. A lubricant baseoil composition produced by an integrated Fischer-Tropsch process comprising at least about 40% of methyl branched hydrocarbons and at least about 5% long chain branched hydrocarbons wherein the baseoil composition has a pour point of about -20°C.
- 55. The process of claim 1 further comprising the step of fractionating the synthetic lubricant crude basestock.

- 1 56. A synthetic lubricant crude basestock produced by the process of claim 1 which comprises
- between about 15 and about 25 vol% 2cSt product, between about 15 and about 25 vol% 3
- 3 cSt product, between about 20 and about 30 vol% 5 cSt product, between about 20 and
- 4 about 30 vol% 6 cSt product and between about 12 and about 18 vol% product having a
- 5 viscosity of greater than 6 cSt.
- 57. A synthetic lubricant crude basestock produced by the process of claim 1 wherein 4 cSt and heavier products comprise at least 40% of the total lubricant crude basestock.
- 58. A synthetic lubricant crude basestock produced by the process of claim 21 which comprises
- between about 15 and about 25 vol% 2cSt product, between about 15 and about 25 vol% 3
- 3 cSt product, between about 20 and about 30 vol% 5 cSt product, between about 20 and
- 4 about 30 vol% 6 cSt product and between about 12 and about 18 vol% product having a
- 5 viscosity of greater than 6 cSt.
- 59. A synthetic lubricant crude basestock produced by the process of claim 21 wherein 4 cSt and heavier products comprise at least 40% of the total lubricant crude basestock.
- 1 60. The process of claim 1 wherein the lubricant crude basestock comprises 2 cSt, 3 cSt, 4 cSt,
- 2 and higher cSt components and wherein the ratio of 2 cSt plus 3 cSt component to 4 cSt and
- 3 higher cSt components is between about 0.8 and about 1.2.
- 1 61. The process of claim 18 wherein the Group VIII metal is palladium.
- 1 62. The process of claim 18 wherein the Group VIII metal is nickel.
- 1 63. The process of claim 18 wherein the high-surface inorganic support is high-surface
- 2 alumina.
- 1 64. The process of claim 18 wherein the Group VIII metal is palladium and the high-surface inorganic support is high-surface alumina.